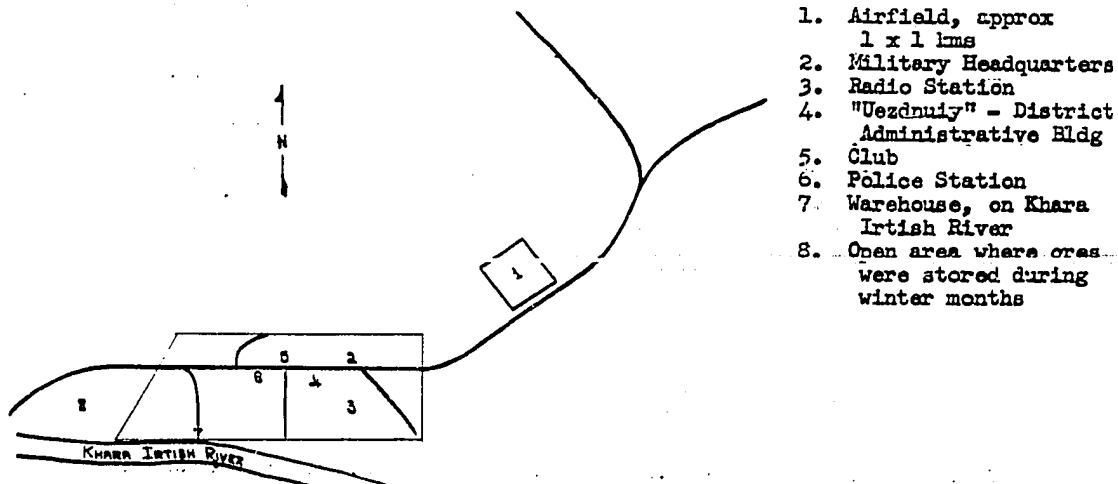




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2. Burchun (Puerhtsin): The farm community of Burchun in 1950 had a total population of approximately 1,500 people. It had no electric generating plant. The following is a rough sketch of Burchun, showing most of the more important locations:



3. Chuguchak (Tahcheng): The total population of Chuguchak, capital of the Tarbagatai Region, in 1950 was approximately 30,000. Of this number 5,000 were Russians, the rest of the population being a mixture of the various Mohammedan races of Sinkiang. There were two colleges in Chuguchak, two elementary schools, an electric generating plant, a beautiful park and a club. There were no airfields or factories. In the immediate vicinity of the town of Chuguchak there were several small Russian farm communities. These villages are Kizbeyt, Chagan Tokhol and Krukashak. The Russians in that region occupied themselves with either farming or the transporting of goods to other towns in Sinkiang.
4. Shayan: This town, prior to the 1944 uprising in Kuldja, had a population in excess of 2,000 people, all being either Russian, Chinese or Taranchi. The Chinese were, during the uprising, all annihilated, the Taranchi fled to the north and the Russians were later forcibly resettled in Kuldja. Therefore, from approximately 1945 on, this town has been abandoned.

- end -

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